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| **Service Unit** | Customer and Communications |
| **Directorate:** | Customer and Corporate Services |
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1. **Purpose**

The Councillor Social Media Policy outlines the benefits and risks of social media use by Councillors and provides guidance on its appropriate use and specific provisions which must be observed. This Policy is intended to assist Councillors to use social media in a way that encourages two-way engagement with the community and minimises exposure of Council and Councillors to legal and reputational risk.

1. **Introduction**

2.1 Social media is a powerful tool to maintain connections between Councillors and members of the public. The use of social media can foster an environment of open communication between Councillors and the municipal community.

2.2 Used well, social media can be used by Councillors to:

2.2.1 strengthen community engagement;

2.2.2 foster transparency and trust;

2.2.3 provide a trusted voice in the social media environment;

2.2.4 distinguish the role of the individual Councillor from that of the Council;

2.2.5 provide another avenue to contact the Councillor directly; and

2.2.6 enable Councillors to hear from members of the community that may otherwise be difficult to reach.

2.3 Councillor social media use also presents risks for Councillors, including:

2.3.1 the exposure to trolling, cyberbullying and other abusive behaviour;

2.3.2 the creation of a platform for the dissemination of misinformation;

2.3.3 the creation of an expectation about the 24/7 availability of a Councillor;

2.3.4 a significant administrative workload associated with managing a platform;

2.3.5 the risk of inadvertently disclosing confidential information; and

2.3.6 an exposure to legal liability.

1. **Definitions**

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| MSC | Moorabool Shire Council |
| Confidential information | Has the same meaning as defined in section 3 of the Local Government Act 2020 (Vic) |
| Confidential information | Has the same meaning as at section 3 of the Local Government Act 2020 (Vic) |
| Health information | Has the same meaning as defined in section 3 of the Health Records Act 2001 (Vic) |
| Model Councillor Code of Conduct | Has the same meaning as section 3 of the Local Government Act 2020 (Vic) |
| Personal information | Has the same meaning as section 3 of the Privacy and Data Protection Act 2014 (Vic) |
| Social media | Online interactive technologies through which individuals, communities and organisations can share, co-create, discuss, and modify user-generated content or pre-made content posted online. Social media may include but is not limited to:   1. social networking websites (eg Facebook, LinkedIn, Yammer, Threads) 2. video and photo sharing websites (eg Flickr, Instagram, Snapchat, TikTok, Vimeo, YouTube) 3. blogs, including corporate blogs and personal blogs 4. (iv) blogs hosted by media outlets (eg ‘comments’ on news articles) 5. micro-blogging (eg Mastadon, Truth Social, X) 6. wikis and other online community generated forums (eg Wikipedia) 7. forums, discussion boards and groups (eg Google groups) 8. vodcasting and podcasting 9. group messaging technologies/apps (e.g. WhatsApp, SMS) 10. streaming platforms (e.g. Twitch, Mixer) 11. geospatial tagging (eg Foursquare, Facebook checkin) 12. any other tool or emerging technology that allows individuals to publish or communicate in a digital environment (excluding website content). |

1. **Scope**

This Policy applies to use of social media by Moorabool Shire Councillors when used in a:

* Professional capacity while fulfilling their functions and duties to Council
* Personal capacity where use is connected with, or might otherwise impact on, Council, its reputation and/or its effectiveness.

This Policy is relevant to digital spaces where people may comment, contribute, create, forward, post, upload and/or share content. It must be read in conjunction with other relevant policies and procedures of Council including the Model Councillor Code of Conduct.

1. **Non-Compliance**

Violations of this Policy may result in disciplinary action under the Model Councillor Code of Conduct.

If a Councillor suspects a breach of this Policy, they must bring it to the attention of the Manager Governance and Diplomatic Support, Chief Executive Officer and/or the Mayor.

1. **Councillor Social Media**
   1. Councillors are under no obligation to maintain a social media presence.
   2. Councillors who choose to maintain a social media presence:

* Do so of their own volition
* Have a right to express an independent view consistent with the Charter of Human Rights and Responsibilities Act 2006
* Acknowledge that they are required to adhere to the Model Councillor Code of Conduct.
  1. Councillors who choose to maintain a social media presence are responsible for:

5.3.1 compliance with this Policy

5.3.2 administration of the social media platform

5.3.3 moderation of community content

5.3.4 compliance with the terms of service of the social media platform in use.

* 1. The provisions applicable to Councillor social media also apply to a social media presence operated by another person who, with the Councillor’s authorisation, administers, moderates, or uploads content on the Councillor’s behalf.

1. **Council resources and support**
   1. Councillors who choose to maintain a social media presence will be provided with:
      1. technical support for Council-provided hardware
      2. training in social media obligations as part of the mandatory Councillor induction and ongoing professional development programs
      3. generic collateral (such as graphics, images and suggested copy) that promotes Council programs access to Council’s employee assistance program - a voluntary and confidential service designed to assist Councillors with personal concerns that affect their personal wellbeing and/or performance as a Councillor.
   2. Councillors will not be provided with:

6.2.1. technical or other support for the use of social media platforms

6.2.2. social media monitoring or reporting services

6.2.3. legal advice regarding social media content.

* 1. Councillors must not use Council resources, including Council facilities, computer equipment, smartphones and internet connections for social media activity:

6.3.1. to gain or attempt to gain, directly or indirectly, an advantage for themselves or for any other person

6.3.2. to cause, or attempt to cause, detriment to the Council or another person

6.3.3. in a way that is intended to, or is likely to, affect the result of an election under the Local Government Act 2020 (Vic)

6.3.4. in a way that is intended to, or is likely to, affect the result of an election for a state or federal parliament

* + 1. in the furtherance of private business or commercial activity.

1. **Good faith behaviour** 
   1. Councillors who maintain a social media presence are required to do so in good faith, which means:

7.1.1. not posting content which could be perceived to be an official comment on behalf of the Council (noting that Councillors are free to link or re-post social media content that has been published by the Council, including the addition of their own perspective or commentary)

7.1.2. not creating a social media presence purporting to represent a Council auspiced entity, such as an advisory committee, reference group, steering committee or similar

7.1.3. not posting anonymously, or by using a fake or intentionally misleading identity

7.1.4. not engaging in trolling, harassment, personal attacks or similar behaviour

7.1.5. not intentionally publishing misinformation, falsehoods or misleading material

7.1.6. not engaging in doxing

7.1.7. not engaging in cyberbullying

7.1.8. not publishing defamatory material.

**8. Freedom of Expression**

8.1. Councillors enjoy the human right to freedom of expression which includes the freedom to seek receive and impart information and ideas of all kinds, subject to any lawful restrictions reasonably necessary.

8.2. Subject to this part, Councillors are free to express an independent view on social media, provided it is made clear to the audience that it is their personal view and does not represent Council. This includes, but is not limited to:

8.2.1. expressing a personal view that differs from that of Council

* + 1. stating a desire for change to a Council policy or position
    2. expressing an opinion on a matter that is to come before the Council (without expressing a pre-determined decision)
    3. encouraging members of the public to participate in the decision-making process
    4. expressing disappointment or dissatisfaction or stating that they do not support a Council position or decision
    5. explaining why they voted on a matter in the way that they did in a meeting that was open to the public
    6. otherwise engaging in robust public debate.
  1. Councillors must not post content on their social media that, if posted, would be contrary to the Model Councillor Code of Conduct in that it:
     1. could reasonably be perceived to be an official comment on behalf of the Council where the Councillor has not been authorised by the Mayor to make such a comment
     2. is demeaning, abusive, obscene, threatening or of a sexual nature
     3. intentionally causes or perpetuates stigma, stereotyping, prejudice or aggression against a person or class of persons
     4. constitutes discrimination or vilification
     5. undermines Council when applying Council’s Community Engagement Policy to develop respectful relationships and partnerships with traditional owners, Aboriginal community controlled organisations, and the Aboriginal community
     6. undermines Council in fulfilling its obligation under the Act or any other Act (including the Gender Equality Act 2020) to achieve and promote gender equality
     7. are not in line with the Council’s policies and procedures as a child safe organisation and the obligations under the Child Wellbeing and Safety Act 2005 to the extent that they apply to Councillors
     8. adversely affect the health and safety of other persons
     9. would bring discredit upon Council
     10. would deliberately mislead the council or the public about any matter related to the performance of a Councillor’s public duties
     11. makes Council information publicly available where public availability of the information would be contrary to the public interest
     12. expressly or impliedly requests preferential treatment for themselves or a related person or entity
     13. is otherwise contrary to the Model Councillor Code of Conduct.

8.4. Councillors must not post content on their social media where publication would be contrary to law, including, but not limited to:

8.4.1 the Local Government Act 2020 (Vic), insofar as it relates to misuse of position, including the disclosure of confidential information

8.4.2 the Privacy and Data Protection Act (Vic) 2014, insofar as it relates to the disclosure of personal information

8.4.3 the Health Records Act 2001 (Vic), insofar as it relates to the disclosure of health information

8.4.4 the Defamation Act 2005 (Vic), in a manner that constitutes defamation

8.4.5 the Copyright Act 1968 (Cth), in a manner that constitutes an infringement of copyright

8.4.6 the Summary Offences Act 1966 (Vic), in a manner that is obscene, indecent or uses threatening language and behaviour etc.

8.4.7 the Crimes Act 1958 (Vic), in a manner that constitutes stalking

8.4.8 the Criminal Code Act 1995 (Cth), in relation to the use of a carriage service to menace or harass.

8.5. Councillors shall not post content that creates a reasonable apprehension of bias in relation to matters to subject to, or potentially subject to, Council decisions.

1. **Customer requests**

9.1. From time to time, Councillors may receive service requests, complaints, feedback or other correspondence intended for Council (customer requests) from members of the public via social media channels.

9.2. Where it is reasonable and practical to do so, Council must collect personal information about an individual only from that individual, and not via a Councillor. Councillors in receipt of customer requests:

9.2.1. may pass on customer requests that do not contain personal information to Council’s centralised customer request handling process

9.2.2. may seek permission from the customer to pass on their personal details to Council along with their customer request and, once permission is received, pass on the request together with the permission to Council’s centralised customer request handling process

9.2.3. shall not otherwise pass on customer requests that contain personal information

9.2.4. may refer a customer to Council’s website which sets out the official communication channels and contains information about Council’s privacy obligations and the handling of personal and health information.

9.3. Councillors shall not solicit customer requests or otherwise encourage members of the public to bypass Council’s official communication channels.

1. **Moderation of community content**

10.1. Councillors have an absolute right to moderate community content on their social media platforms, including comments, reactions and other contributions.

10.2. Councillors must remove community content that, if published by the Councillor, would be contrary to the Model Councillor Code of Conduct.

10.3. Councillors have an absolute right to block or ban persons from their social media platform at their sole discretion.

1. **Recording keeping**
   1. Documents made or received by Councillors are not public records (regardless of the content) unless they are then received by an employee of the Council.
   2. Councillors are not required to maintain records of social media content for record-keeping purposes.
2. **Clarification statements**
   1. Councillors who maintain a social media presence must ensure their profile clarifies that their social media presence is not an official platform of the Council. For example:

“This page is hosted by me in my capacity as an individual. This is not an official page of Moorabool Shire Council and should not be used for making service or maintenance requests or otherwise contacting Council. Council can be contacted at [moorabool.vic.gov.au](http://www.moorabool.vic.gov.au) or (03) 5366 7100.”

* 1. Councillors who use their social media presence to comment on Council matters must ensure their profile makes it clear that they are speaking in an individual capacity, and not on behalf of the Council. For example:

“The views expressed made on this social media platform are my own and not that of Moorabool Shire Council.“

* 1. Councillors who enable community content on their social media presence should include a statement asserting the Councillor’s right to control access to the page and to moderate third-party content. For example:

“As the host of this page, I endeavour to maintain a safe, positive space for the discussion of Council issues and I reserve the right to hide or delete content and to block or ban users.”

* 1. Councillors who use their social media presence to publish electoral material must include an authorisation statement in accordance with the Local Government Act 2020 (Vic), noting that this obligation applies at all times, not just during a formal election period. Councillors may not use a Council address for this purpose. For example:

“Authorised by J Citizen, 123 Main Street SUBURB VIC 9999.”

1. **Related Policies and Legislation**

* Local Government Act 2020 (Victoria)
* Complaints Handling Policy
* Governance Rules
* Governance Framework
* Model Councillor Code of Conduct
* Public Transparency Policy
* Privacy Policy
* Risk Management Framework
* Risk Management Policy
* Copyright Act 1968 (Cth)
* Criminal Code Act 1995 (Cth)
* Crimes Act 1958 (Vic)
* Defamation Act 2005 (Vic)
* Equal Opportunity Act 2000 (Vic)
* Freedom of Information Act 1982 (Vic)
* Health Records Act 2001 (Vic)
* Local Government (Governance and Integrity) Regulations 2020 (Vic)
* Privacy and Data Protection Act 2014 (Vic)
* Summary Offences Act 1966 (Vic).

1. **Council Plan Reference**

Objectives: A Council that listens and adapts to the needs of our evolving communities.

Context: Be recognised for demonstrating a culture of excellence, creativity and inclusiveness.

1. **Review**

As a minimum, this Policy will be reviewed every four years.